

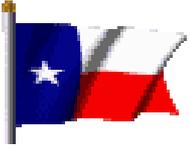
MDC Overview

22 June 2023

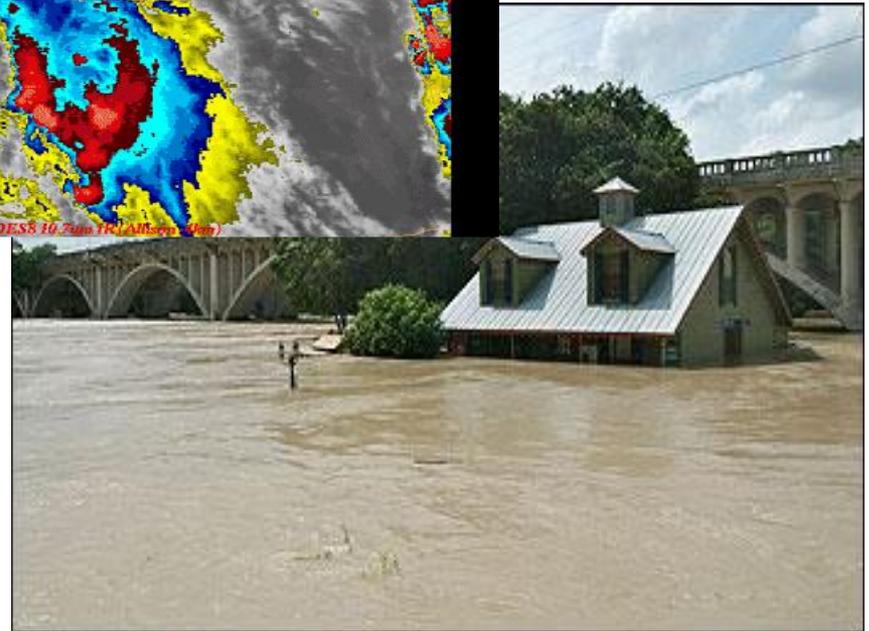
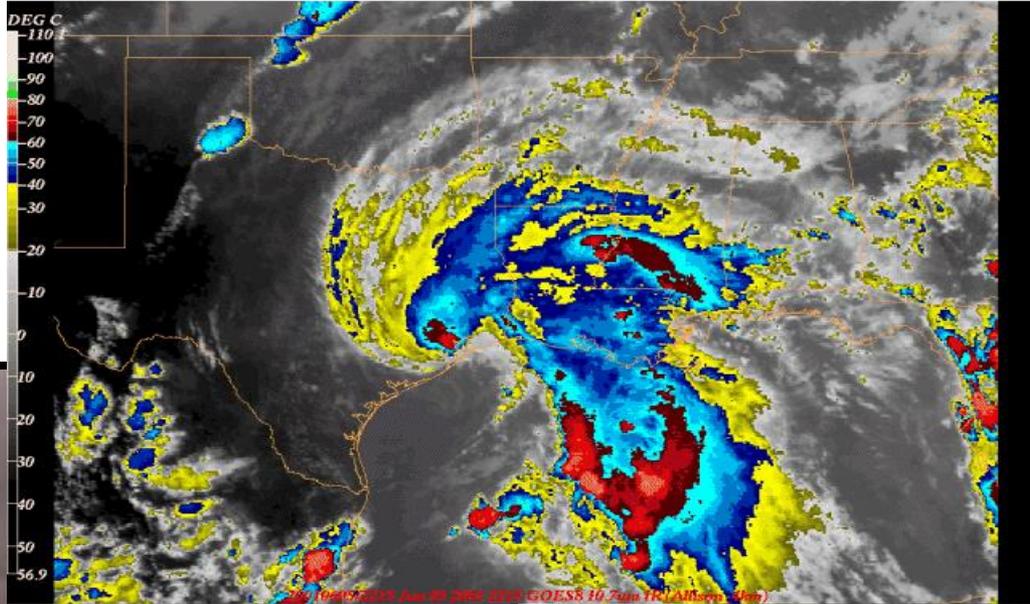
Ruben Alonzo



TEXAS MILITARY Department

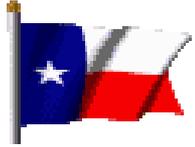


Defense Support to Civilian Authorities



Ruben Alonzo

Texas Military Department

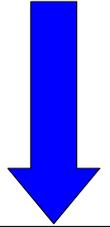
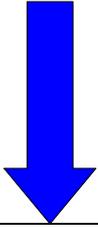


Vision

Become a fully deployable, diverse and professional Total Force capable of Full Spectrum Operations and responsive to State and Nation

Mission

Provide the Governor and the President with ready and trained forces in support of the citizens of Texas and state and federal civil/military authorities at home and abroad



FOR THE GOVERNOR

- Defense Support to Civil Authorities (DSCA)
- Homeland Defense
- Homeland Security
 - Border/Shores/Highways
 - Operation Border Star—LEA
- Rabies Eradication—DSHS
- Humanitarian Assistance/Disaster Relief
 - Hurricanes, Floods, Fires,
 - Ice Storms
- Medical Support to Border Area-Operation Lone Star
- Assisting At-Risk Youth Programs
 - Challenge/Star Base



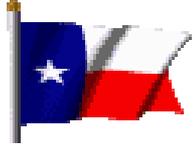
FOR THE PRESIDENT

- Homeland Defense
- Augment Combatant Commands
 - CENTCOM
 - PACOM
 - EUCOM
 - NORTHCOM
 - SOUTHCOM
 - AFRICOM
- Peace Prairie (Singapore)
- Czech Republic Partnership
- Chile Partnership





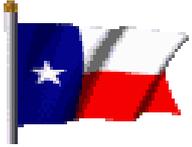
Governor's Emergency Powers



- Legal Authority Established by State Constitution or Code
- May Declare State of Emergency For All or Part of State
- After Emergency Is Declared, Governor May:
 - Suspend Provisions of Any State Law or Regulation
 - Order Evacuation of Any Area in the State
 - Authorize Use of Private Property to Support Emergency Response – Eminent Domain
 - Control Access to Emergency/Disaster Area
 - Activate the Texas Military Forces in State Status



Texas Military Department



Texas Military Forces as defined in Texas Government Code, Section 431.002, include the Army Guard and Air Guard and the Texas State Guard.





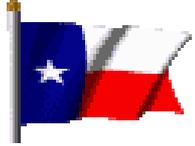
Texas Military Department Mission



To provide defense support to civil authorities during emergency situations such as civil disturbances and natural or man-made disasters.



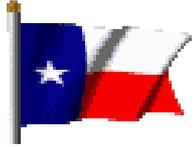
Purpose



Define the process in which the Texas Military Forces are called up for State Active Duty in support of Natural disasters or civil disturbance.



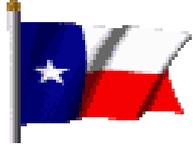
Support Categories



- Natural
 - Hurricane, Flood, Tornado, Wildfire, Drought
- Manmade
 - Terrorist Act, CBRNE Event, Civil Unrest
- Humanitarian
 - Oral Rabies Vaccination Program, Operation Lone Star and Community Outreach



Responsibilities

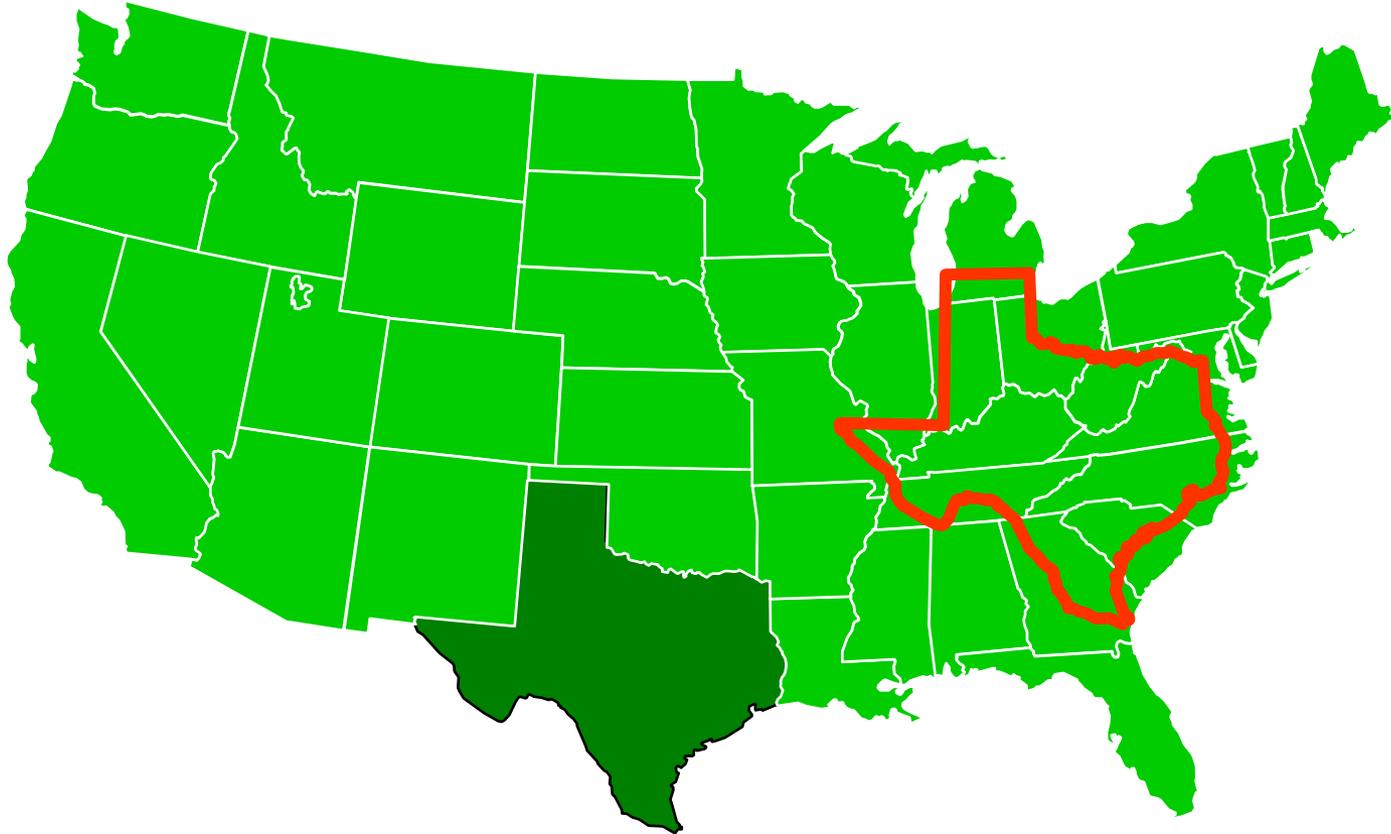
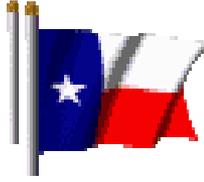


The Adjutant General, at the direction of the Governor, conducts Defense Support to Civil Authorities, under the authority of state law and within the parameters of DOD policy.



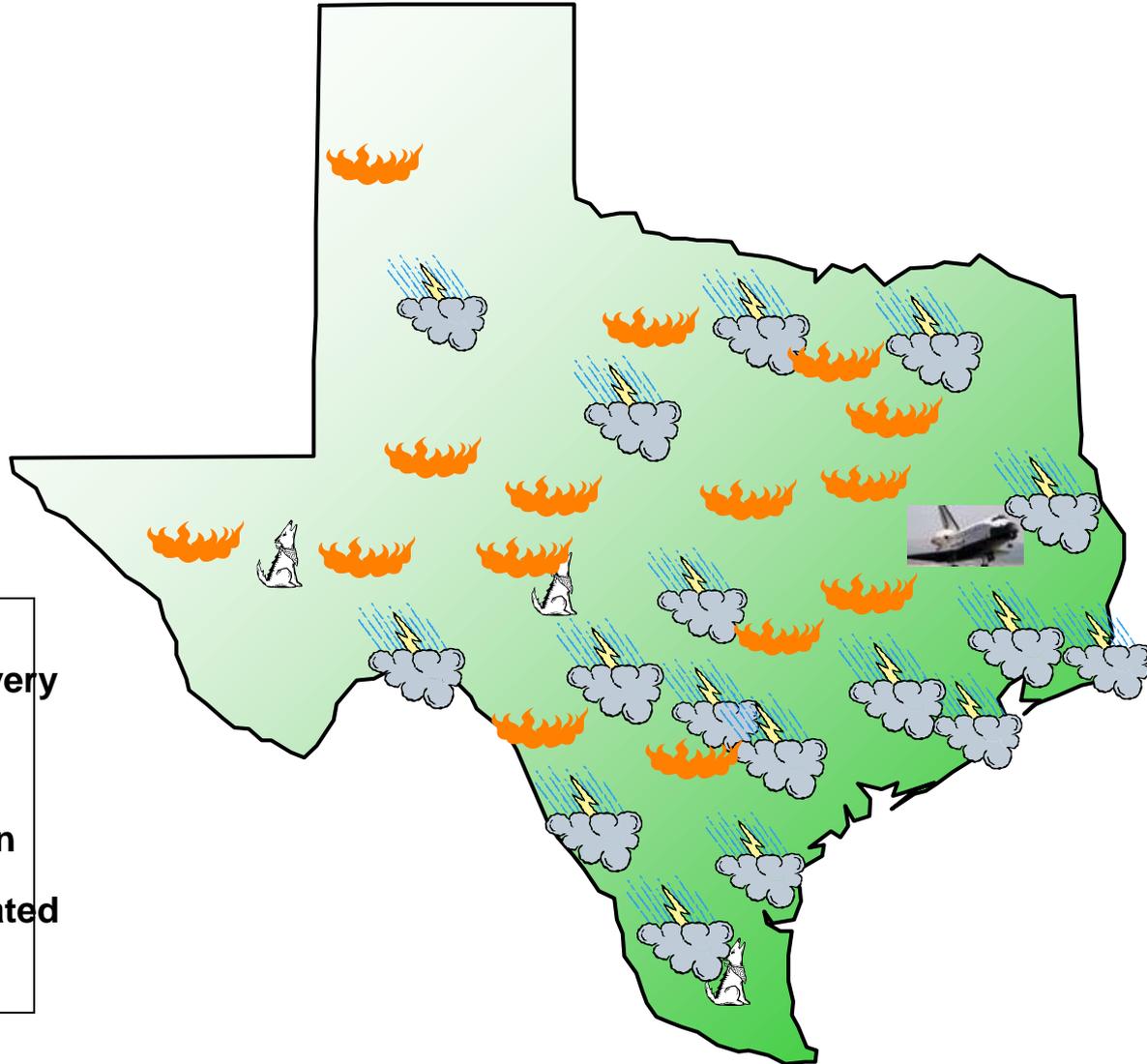
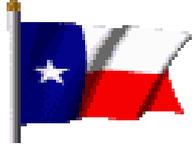
Texas Military Department

Issue: Distance





State Active Duty Missions

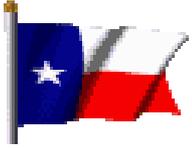


	Shuttle Recovery
	ORVP
	Fire Suppression
	Weather Related Support



Major Disasters

- Texas is #1 in major disaster declarations since 1953
 - 98 from 1953 – 2019
 - Average 1 major disaster every 8 months
 - 624 miles of coastline
 - 1,254 miles of international common border
 - 28 international crossings
 - 8 different climate classification types
 - Humid Subtropical
 - Summer Mediterranean (Warm and Hot)
 - Desert (Hot and Cold)
 - Semi-arid (Hot and Cold)
 - Oceanic

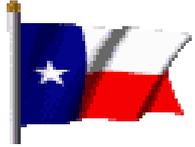


Fundamentals of Texas Emergency Management



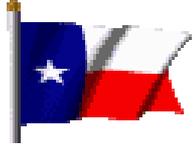
Key Statutes and Authorities

- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act)
- Chapter 418 Texas Govt Code – Emergency Management
 - Chapter 421 Texas Govt Code – Homeland Security
 - Chapter 433 Texas Govt Code – State of Emergency
- Executive Order No. GA-05 - Emergency Management
 - Title 37 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 7 - Emergency Management



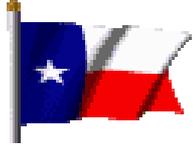
TDEM Overview

- Responsible for a comprehensive state emergency management program to include planning, training and exercising
- TDEM Chief reports to (and serves at the pleasure of) the Governor on all emergency and disaster-related matters



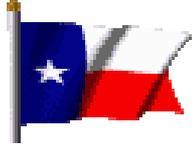
Local Government Authority

- Disasters start and end locally
- Local elected officials direct emergency operations within their jurisdictions
- When capabilities are exceeded, local jurisdictions can call on:
 - Mutual aid
 - Voluntary agencies
 - Private sector
 - State government
- Local jurisdictions can request assistance from the state through their Disaster District Emergency Operations Centers (DDEOC) when they:
 - Anticipate a depletion of resources
 - Identify a gap in resources
 - Exhaust resources



Disaster District Emergency Operations Center Support

- State of Texas is divided into Disaster Districts and supported by DDEOCs
 - Provide emergency resources within a disaster district
 - Responsible for coordinating state resources within the disaster district
- Coordinates resource requests with the SOC using the State of Texas Assistance Request (STAR)
 - Supported by Disaster District Emergency Management Council Representatives (DDEMC-R)
- Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) Highway Patrol commanding officer serves as the Disaster District Chair



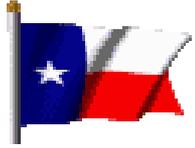
State Operations Center Support

- TDEM, through the SOC, coordinates state emergency management activities
- Coordinates the activation and deployment of state resources
 - DDEOCs may submit resource requests to the SOC
 - May request interstate mutual aid or federal assistance





Council of Governments (COGs)



COGs are voluntary associations of local governments formed under Texas law. These associations deal with the problems and planning needs that cross the boundaries of individual local governments or that require regional attention.

TEXAS Disaster District Chairs - as of January 2023



Capt. Chad Grange
DDC 1
Amarillo



Capt. Ricky White
DDC 2
Lubbock



Capt. Jeremy Rowland
DDC 9
Midland



Capt. Kyle Taylor
DDC 10
San Angelo



Capt. Matthew Scales
DDC 8
El Paso



Capt. Joel Betancourt
DDC 24
Del Rio



Capt. Victor Sotelo Jr.
DDC 19
Laredo



Capt. Gary McMillian
DDC 20
Corpus Christi



Lt. Chad Gossett
DDC 3
Wichita Falls



Capt. Jerry Simpson
DDC 4A
Hurst



Capt. Tim Simmons
DDC 4B
Garland



Lt. Robert McDonald
DDC 22
Sherman



Capt. Kevin Gray
DDC 5
Mt. Pleasant



Capt. Shanandoah Webb
DDC 6
Tyler



Capt. Douglas Farber
DDC 7
Abilene



Capt. Jeremiah Richards
DDC 12
Austin



Capt. Charles Booker Jr.
DDC 11
Waco



Lt. Juan Spivey
DDC 13
Bryan



Lt. James Brazil
DDC 14
Lufkin



Capt. Michelle McDaniel
DDC 15
Beaumont



Lt. Richard Hoover
DDC 23
Killeen



Capt. Steven Tellez
DDC 18
San Antonio



Capt. David Verastegui
DDC 16A
Houston



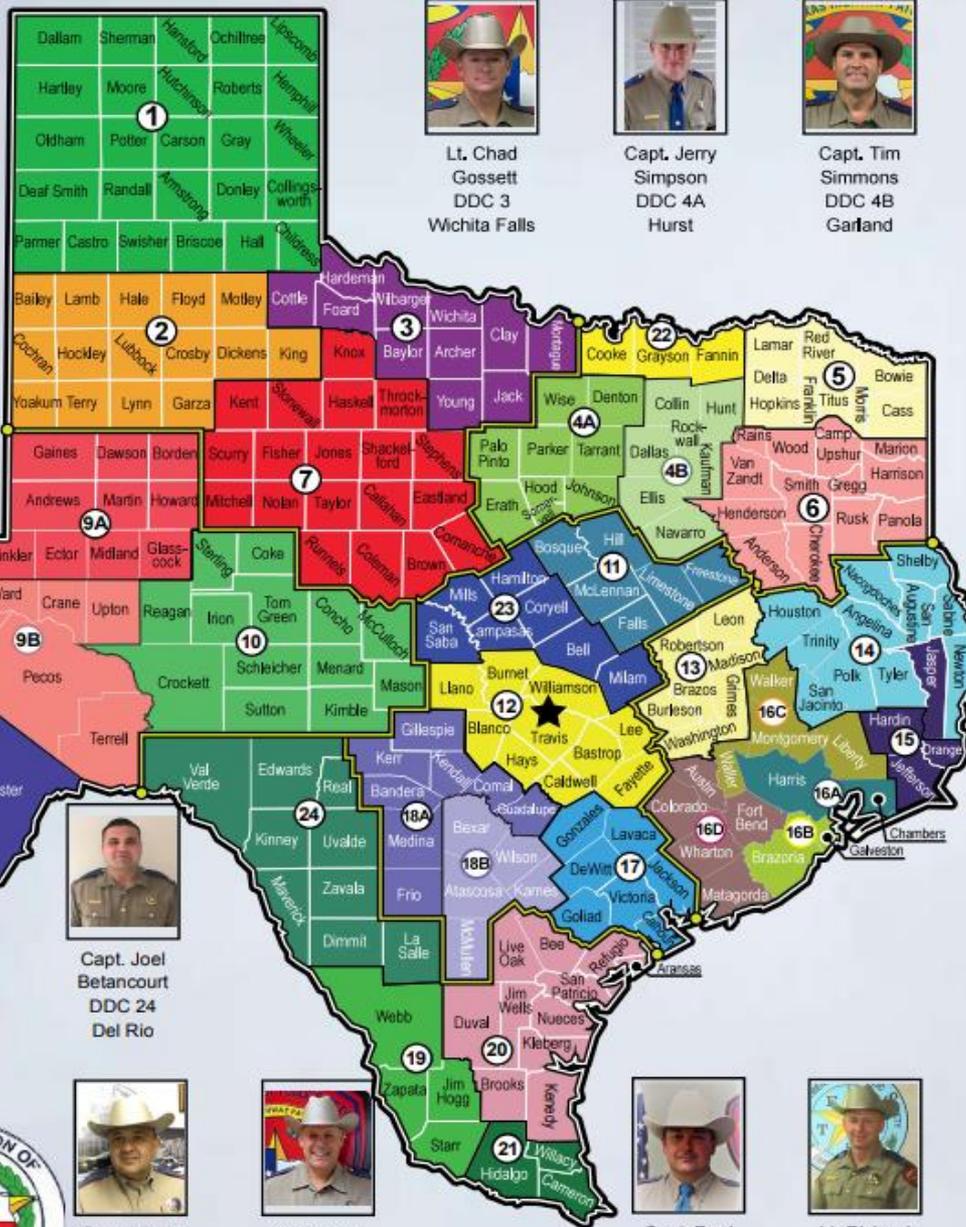
Lt. Richard Adkins
DDC 16B
Texas City



Capt. Henry Scarbrough
DDC 16C
Conroe

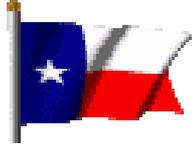


Capt. Derek Rodriguez
DDC 16D
Rosenberg





Texas Disaster District Chairman

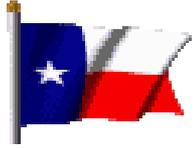


Texas Government Code Chapter 418.113

- (a) This state is divided into disaster districts to engage in homeland security preparedness and response activities. The boundaries of the disaster districts coincide with the geographic boundaries of the state planning regions (COGs) established by the governor under Chapter 391, Local Government Code.



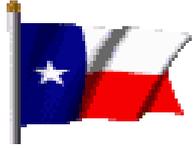
Texas Disaster District Chairman



- (b) A disaster district committee is established for each disaster district. Each committee is composed of local representatives of the state agencies, boards, and commissions and organized volunteer groups with representation on the emergency management council. (32)



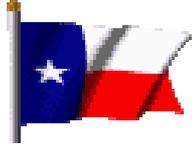
Texas Disaster District Chairman



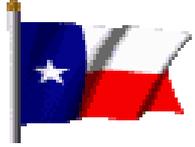
(c) Each disaster district committee shall coordinate with political subdivisions located in the Disaster District to ensure that State and Federal emergency assets are made available as needed to provide the most efficient and effective response possible.



Texas Disaster District Chairman



- (d) The Public Safety Director of the Department of Public Safety of the State of Texas shall appoint a commanding officer from the Texas Highway Patrol to serve as chair of each disaster district committee.
(Captain/Lieutenant) (e) Representatives of the Emergency Management Council assigned to each district shall assist the chair of their Disaster District committee and provide guidance, counsel, and administrative support as required.



Texas Disaster District Chairman

- Responsible for receiving requests (STAR) for state assistance from local governments or other state agencies responding to emergencies
 - If local assets are not available, forward requests to the State
- Operation Center (Austin)
 - Provide Direction & Control for state resources, federal & out- of-state resources dispatched to the District and monitor the use of the resource.
 - Prepare Operational Plans for the evacuation of geographical areas, coordinating with local governments to facilitate the flow of evacuees and emergency responders into the affected areas. (DDC Chairman wears 2 hats)

TEXAS District Coordinators and Areas - as of February 2020



Joseph Minshaw
DC 1 Amarillo
(806) 316-7632 C
(806) 468-1414 O



Erica McDowell
DC 2 Lubbock
(806) 548-4344 C
(806) 740-8982 O



Greg Goetsch
DC 7 Abilene
(806) 407-7839 C
(325) 795-4029 O



Lance Liggett
DC 3 Wichita Falls
(940) 882-4030 C
(940) 851-5588 O



Brian Brumfield
DC 4A Hurst
(940) 452-7757 C
(817) 299-1474 O



Sarah Haak
DC 4B Garland
(214) 629-4271 C
(214) 861-2380 O



Nathan Carroll
DC 5 Mt Pleasant
(903) 241-0555 C
(903) 575-5381 O



Deaun Stineciper
DC 6 Tyler
(903) 920-5838 C
(903) 939-6072 O



Al Talavera
DC 8 El Paso
(915) 261-5289 C
(915) 849-4191 O



Bill Davis
DC 9B Ft Stockton
(432) 386-6737 C
(432) 336-1000-x41006 O



Dudley Speed
DC 9A Midland
(432) 416-0063 C
(432) 498-2175 O



Jerry Huffman
DC 10 San Angelo
(325) 513-2618 C
(325) 223-6892 O



David Shaw
DC 23 Killeen
(254) 432-9627 C
(254) 634-3447 O



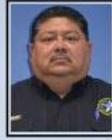
Ponch Gonzales
DC 13 Bryan
(979) 412-0003 C
(979) 776-3187 O



Robert Andrews
Capitol District
(737) 230-0749 C
(512) 936-3566 O



Ernie Paiz
DC 24 Del Rio
(361) 788-3532 C
(361) 578-3435 O



Fernando Perez
DC 17 Victoria
(830) 776-8773 C
(830) 703-1249 O



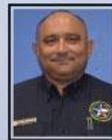
Robbie Barrera
DC 12 Austin
(512) 956-3343 C
(512) 997-4117 O



Summer Ray
DC 18A San Antonio
(210) 452-8860 C
(210) 531-4336 O



Tony Gross
DC 18B ARCC/Bexar
(210) 559-3496 C
(210) 531-4310 O



Jose Alejandro
DC 19 Laredo
(956) 489-7083 C
(956) 728-2239 O



Garry Barney
DC 20 Corpus Christi
(361) 438-5388 C
(361) 698-5650 O



John O'Valle
DC 21 Weslaco
(956) 227-0696 C
(956) 565-7121 O



Jenniffer Hawes
DC 16A Houston
(281) 642-0312 C
(281) 517-1317 O



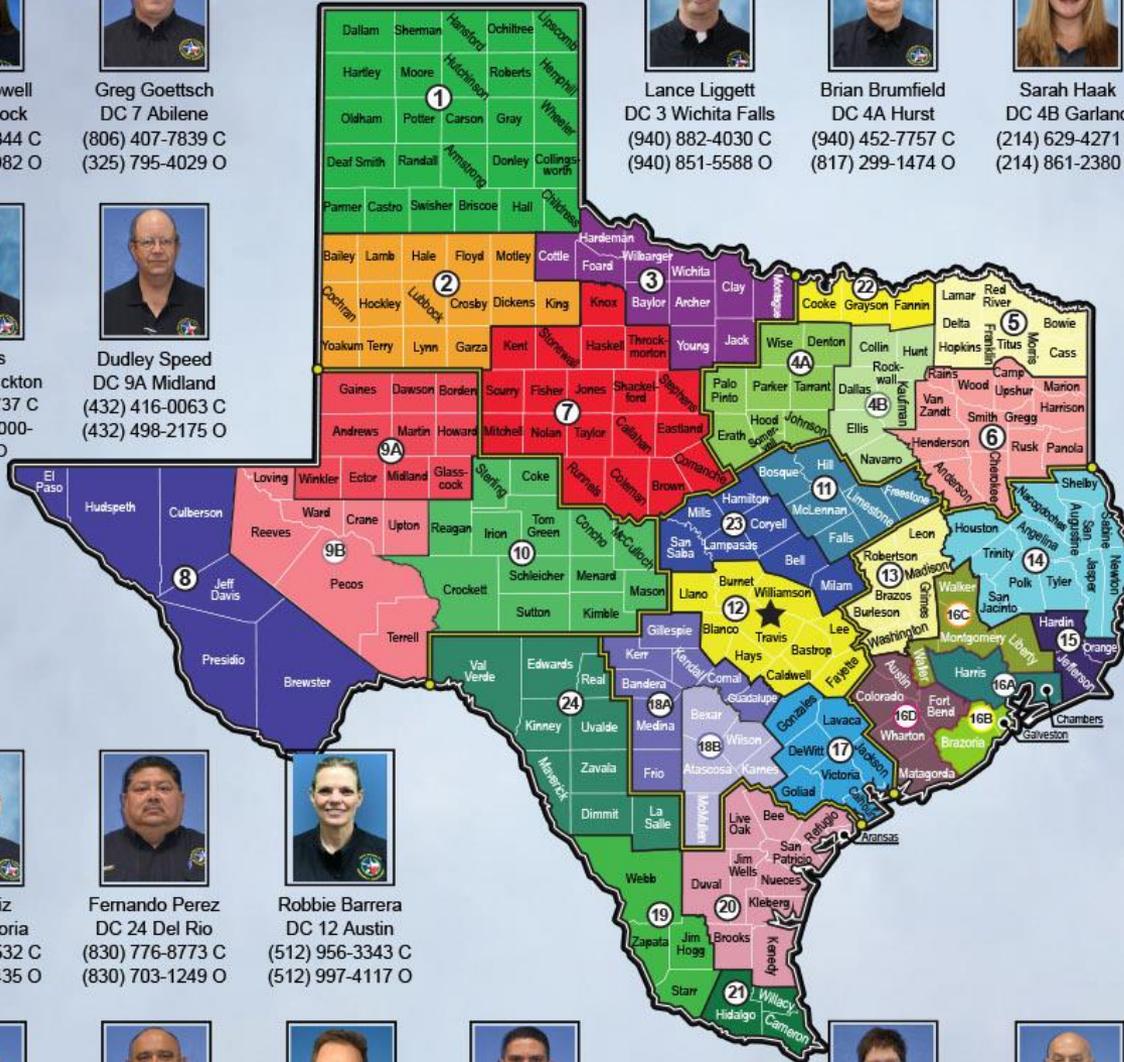
Mike Jones
DC 16B Texas City
(832) 401-3467 C
(409) 933-1125 O



Ronald Walker
DC 16C Conroe
(936) 672-3827 C
(936) 442-2830 O

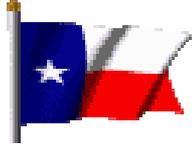


Edward Norman
DC 16D Rosenberg
(979) 320-4362 C
(281) 633-4827 O





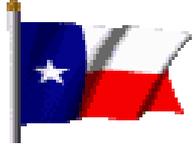
Texas State Operations Center Workshop



SOC Overview

Where state agency, jurisdictional, volunteer, private sector, and federal representatives monitor, plan for and respond to all types of events and incidents.

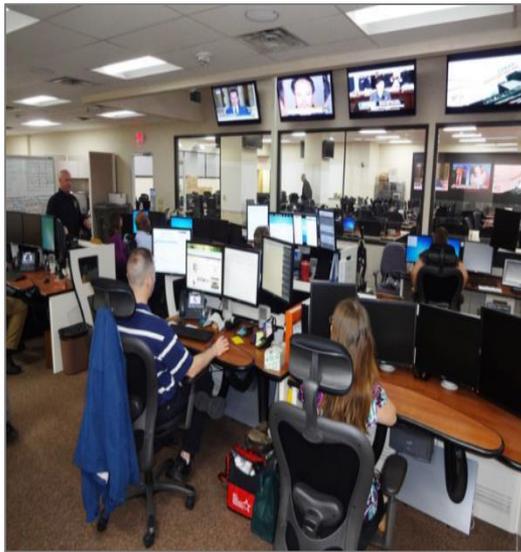


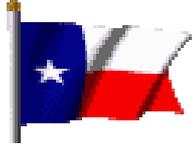


Think of the SOC as having 2 roles:

DAILY OPERATIONS: State Warning Point (or “Watch Office”)

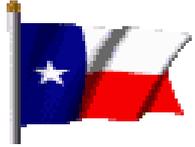
EMERGENCY OPERATIONS: State EOC function during disasters (State Management Team, State EM Council)





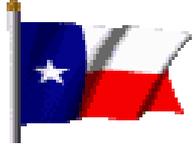
SOC Daily Operations Activities

- Operates 24 hours a day, 365 days a year
- Coordinates assistance to local governments for small scale emergency incidents or special events
 - Coordinates 3,000 to 4,000 incidents per year
 - Maintains situational awareness
- Prepares Incident Reports/Situation Reports/Spot Reports



Emergency Response Levels

Emergency Response Level	SOC Actions Taken
IV: Normal Conditions	No significant emergency is present.
III: Increased Readiness Conditions	A significant emergency has not yet occurred, but a higher-than-normal level of readiness is warranted because of increased vulnerability to a specific hazard.
II: Escalated Response Conditions	The scope of the emergency has expanded beyond that which can be handled by local responders. Normal state and local government operations may be impaired.
I: Emergency Conditions	The scope of the incident has expanded beyond the response capability of local agencies.

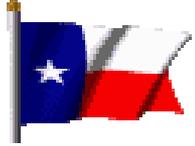


SOC Emergency Operations

Who works in the SOC?

- Daily Operations Staff
- State Management Team (SMT)
- Emergency Management Council
 - SOC Support Personnel
- Subject Matter Experts like you!





State Management Team (SMT)

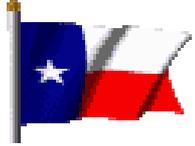
Purpose

- Provide dedicated SOC emergency operations staff
 - Standardize SOC functions

Team Members

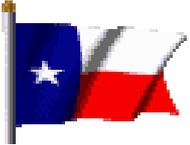
- SOC Manager
- Operations Section
- Logistics Section
- Finance Section
 - Plans Section
 - Mass Care
- State Agency Liaisons



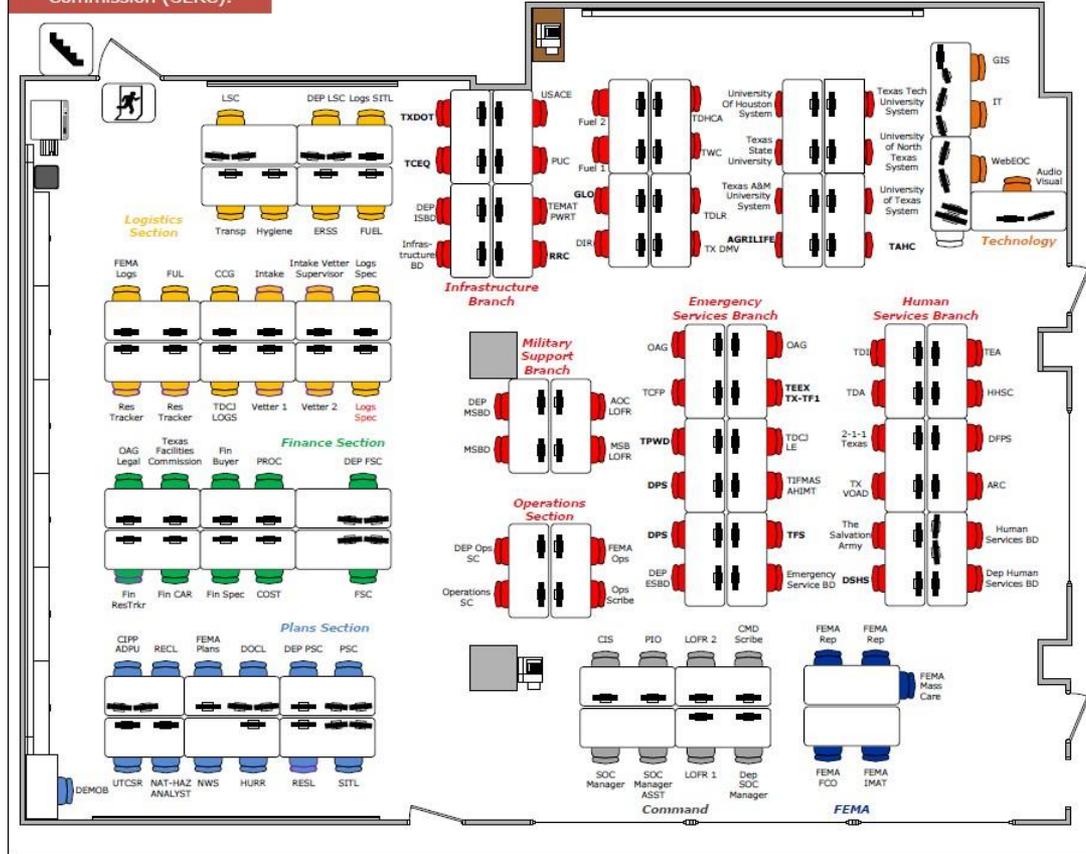


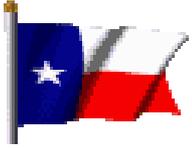
Emergency Management Council

- *Railroad Commission of Texas*
- *Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service*
- *Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service*
 - *Texas A&M Forest Service*
- *Texas Animal Health Commission*
- *Texas Commission on Environmental Quality*
 - *Texas Department of Agriculture*
 - *Texas Department of Public Safety*
- *Texas Department of State Health Services*
- *Texas Department of Transportation*
- *Texas Division of Emergency Management*
 - *Texas General Land Office*
 - *Texas Military Department*
- *Texas Parks and Wildlife Department*
 - American Red Cross
- Dept. of Information Resources
- Public Utility Commission of Texas
 - The Salvation Army
 - State Auditor's Office
- State Comptroller of Public Accounts
- Texas Office of the Attorney General
- Texas Commission on Fire Protection
- Texas Department of Criminal Justice
- Texas Department of Family & Protective Services
- Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs
 - Texas Department of Insurance
- Texas Department of Licensing & Registration
- Texas Department of Motor Vehicles
 - Texas Education Agency
 - Texas Facilities Commission
- Texas Health and Human Services Commission
- Texas Voluntary Organizations Active in Disaster
 - Texas Workforce Commission
 - Texas A&M University System
 - Texas State University System
 - Texas Tech University System
 - University of Houston System
 - University of North Texas System
 - University of Texas System
- *Member of the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC)*



* Organizations in **bold** are members of the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC).



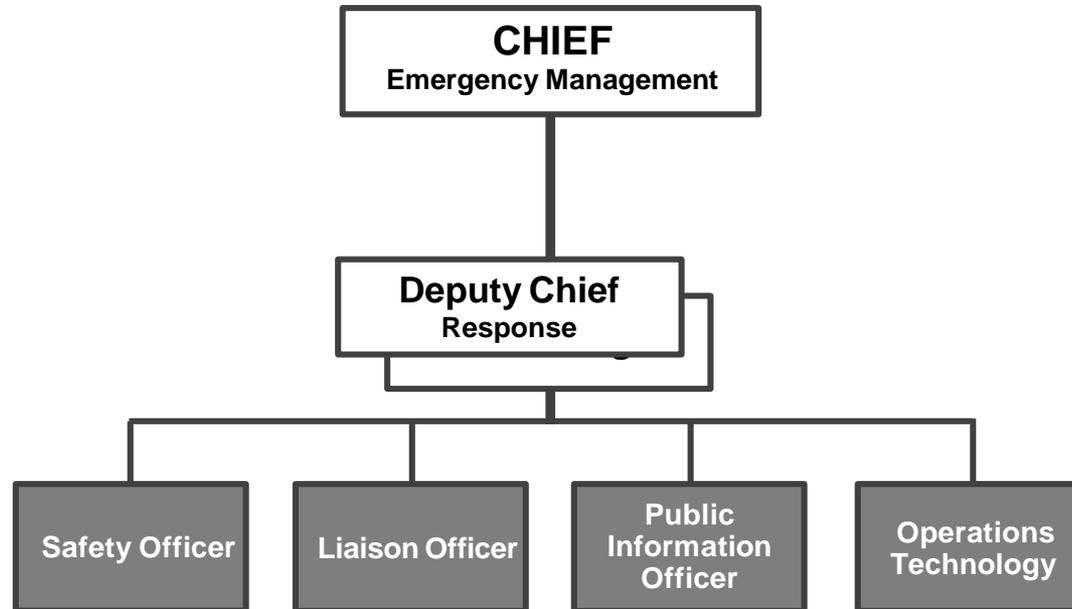


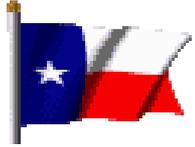
SOC Organization



Command Staff

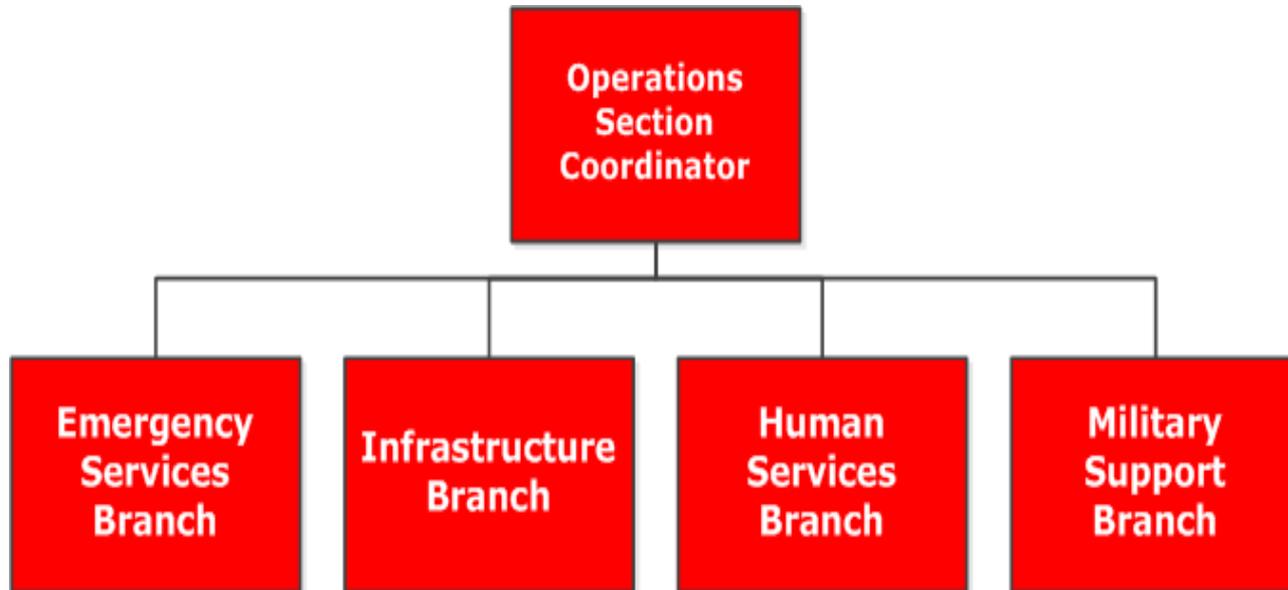
- Responsible for the facilitation of overall policy, coordination and support of the incident

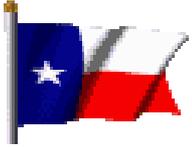




Operations Section

- Implement the priorities established by the SOC Manager

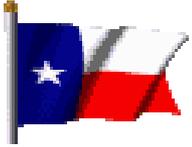




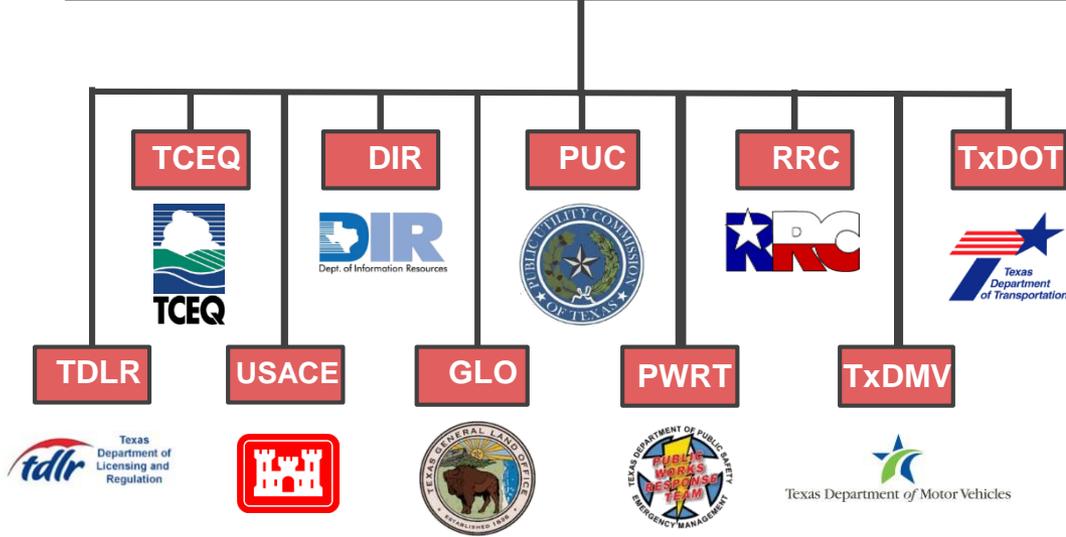
Military Branch

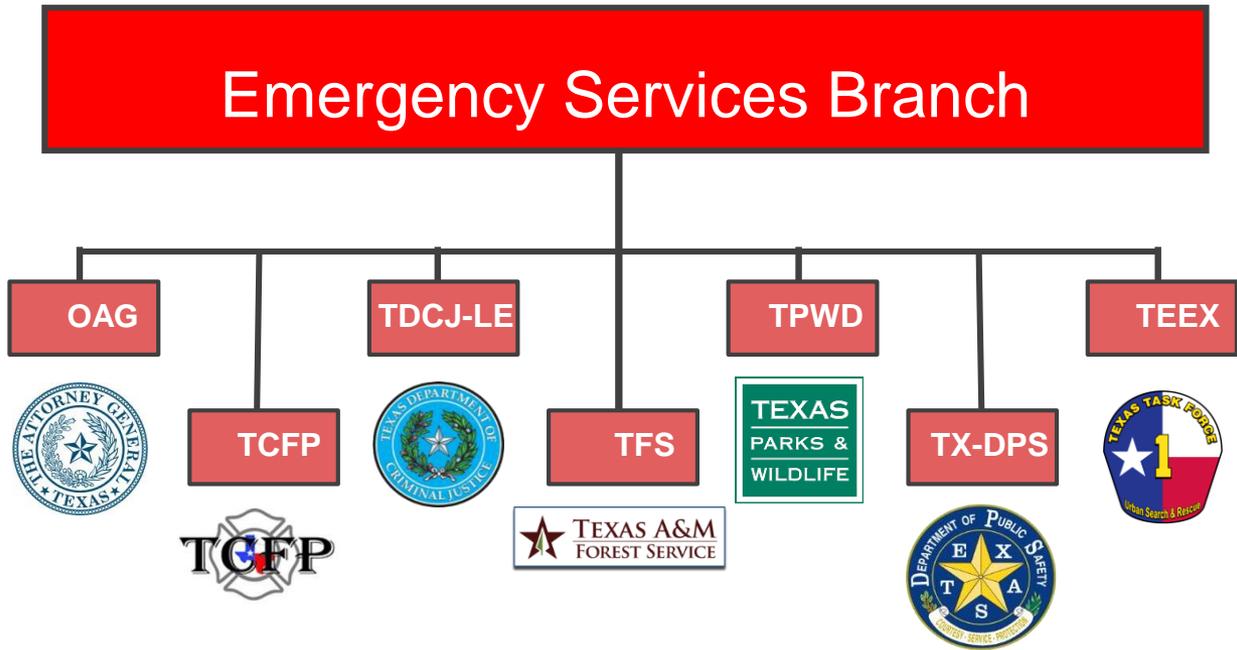
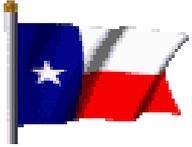


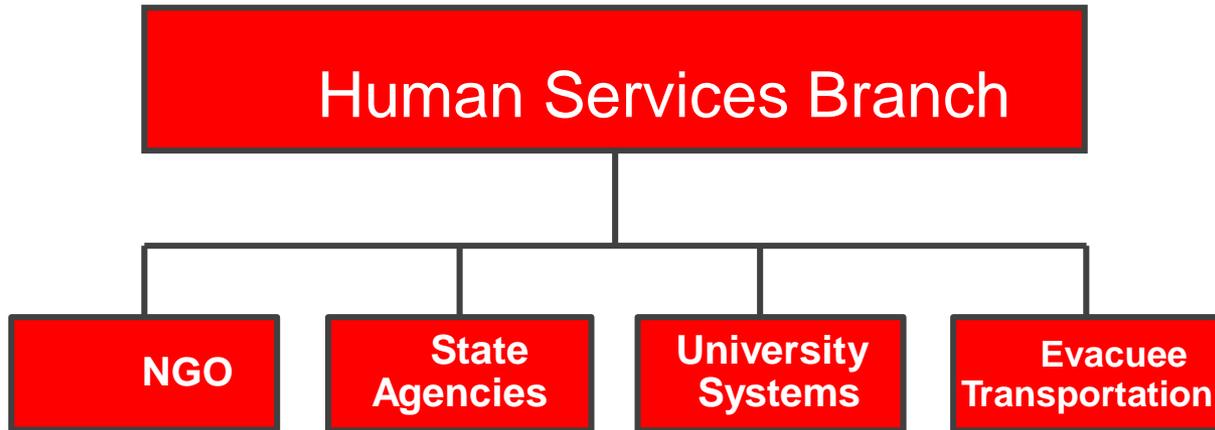
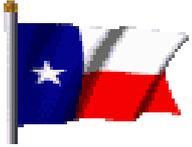
AIR
OPERATIONS
CENTER (AOC)

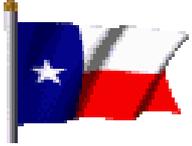


Infrastructure Branch









Human Services Branch NGO Group

TSA

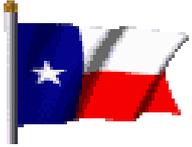


TxVOAD

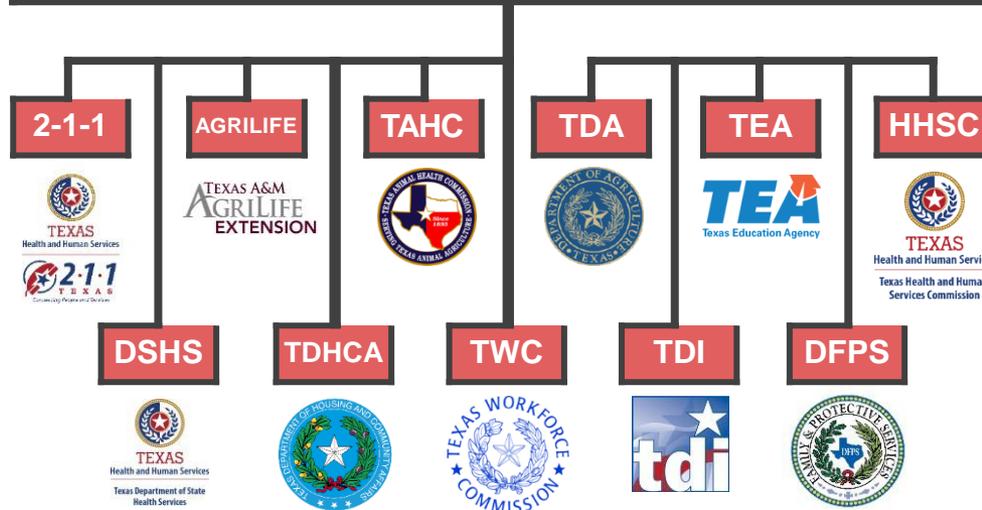


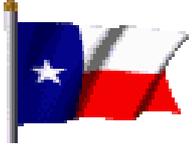
ARC



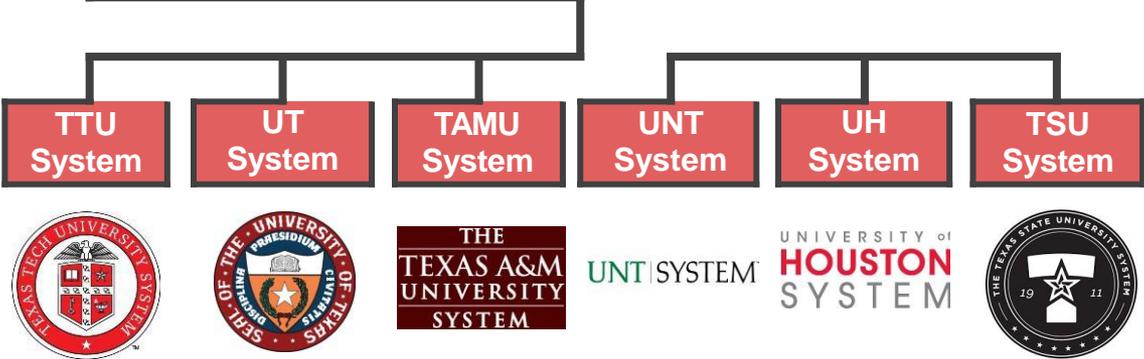


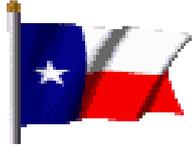
Human Services Branch State Agencies Group





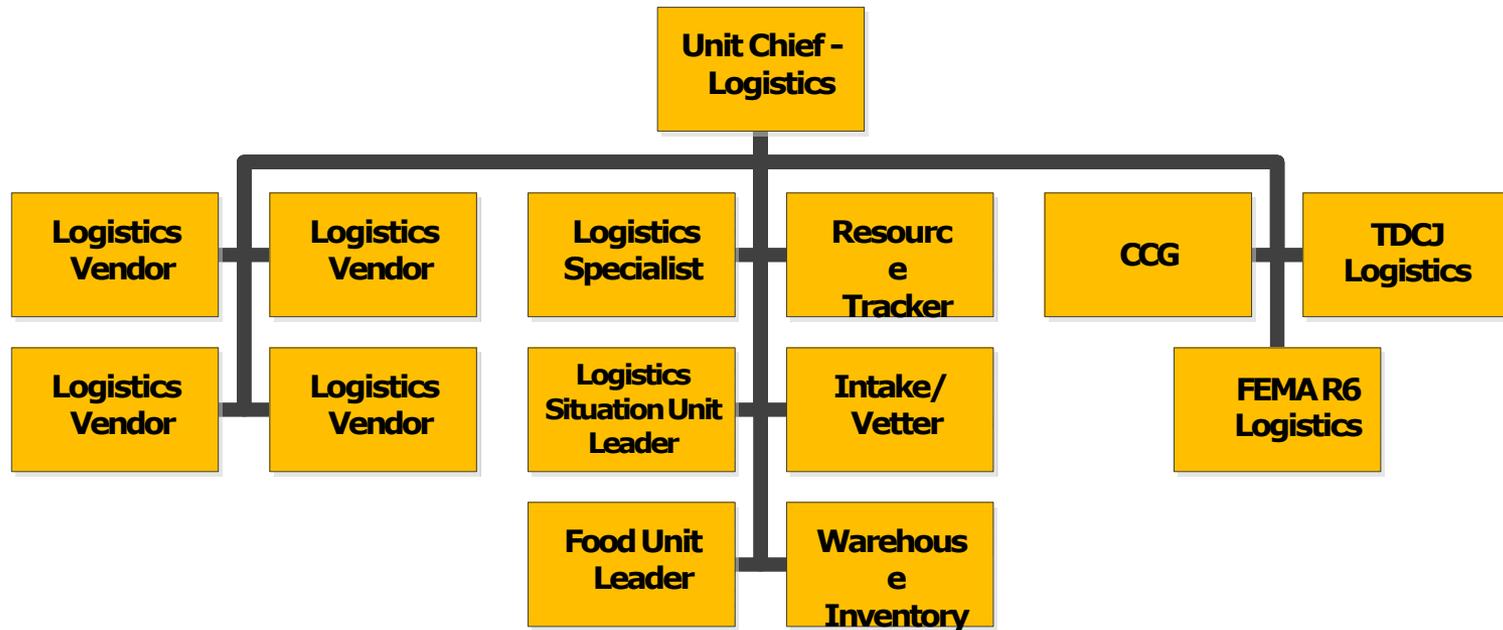
Human Services Branch University Systems Group

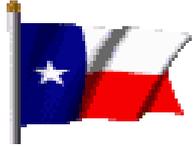




Logistics Section

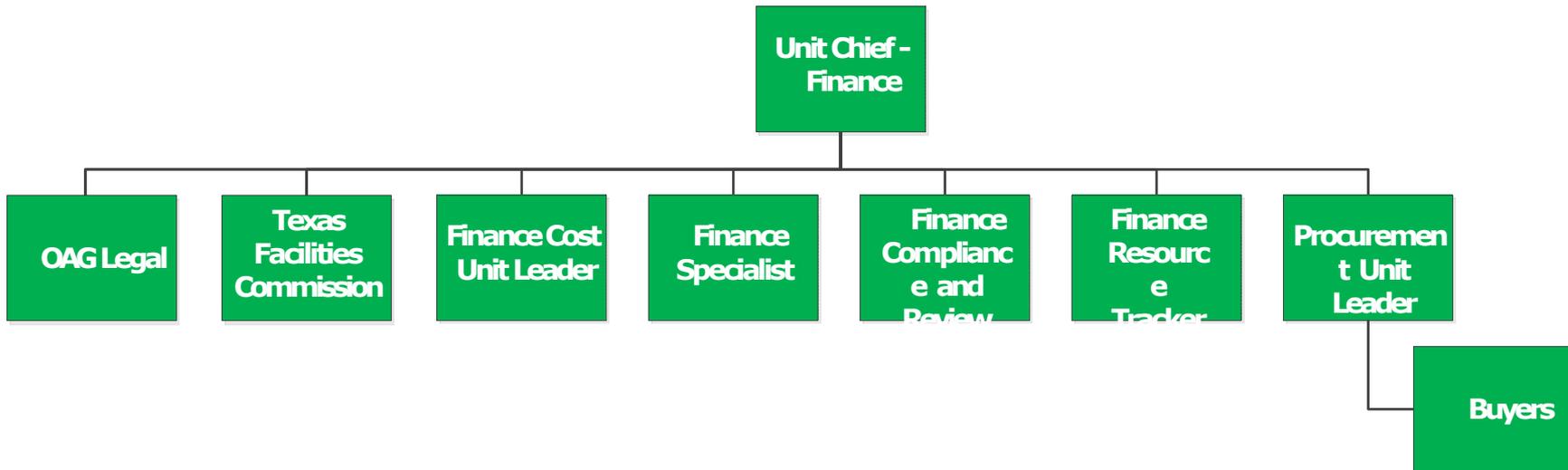
- Resource request management; assign and process STARs
 - Logistical support for state assigned missions

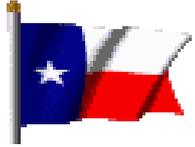




Finance Section

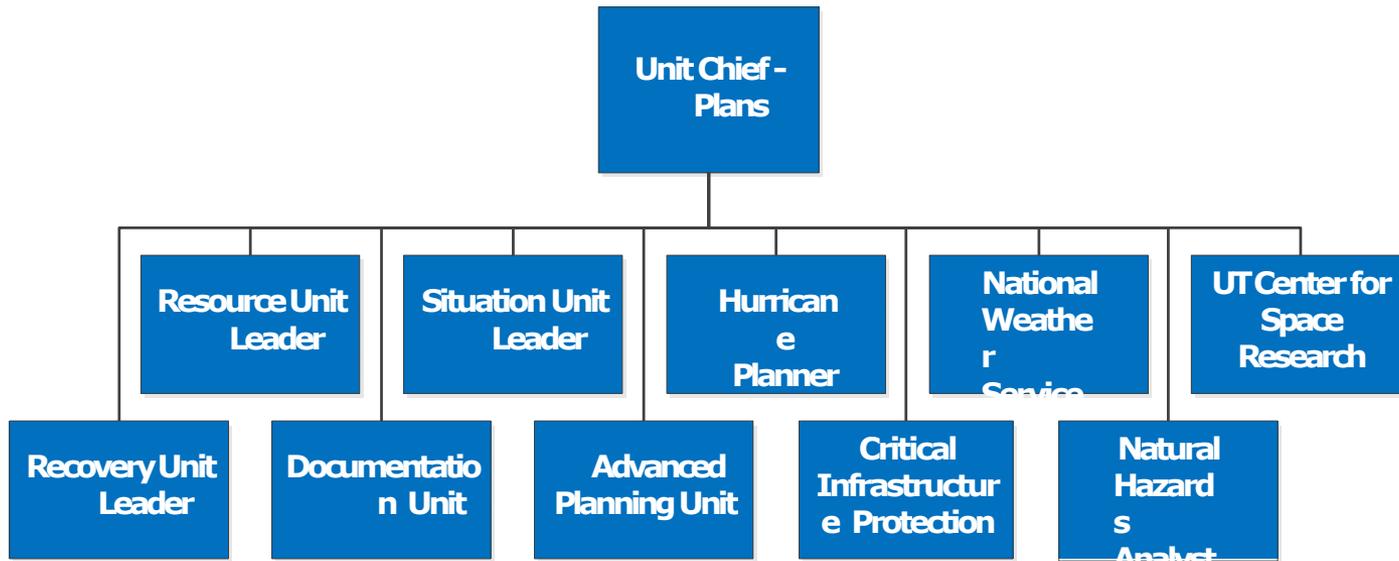
- Monitors and tracks SOC expenditure from funding streams
 - Procures any unmet resource request needs and ensures procurement processes are in compliance

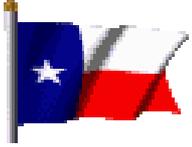




Plans Section

- Coordinates SOC meetings and conference calls and publishes the State Management Plan (SMP).
- Collects, evaluates and distributes information to the SOC.

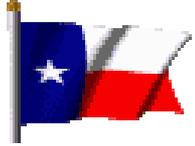




Military Support Request Procedures



MILITARY SUPPORT REQUEST PROCEDURES

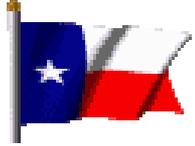


(1 of 2)

1. Local authorities request military assistance from the State.
2. Disaster District Chairman (DDC) validates the request.
 3. Approved requests are forwarded to DEM SOC.
4. DEM Coordinator relays request to the Governor for approval.



MILITARY SUPPORT REQUEST PROCEDURES

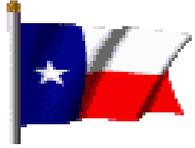


(2 of 2)

5. Governor approves the use of military personnel or assets.
6. The Adjutant General (TAG) is ordered to activate Texas Military Forces.
7. Task Force commander is designated by TAG.
8. TF liaisons with the DDC to conduct assistance mission with local authorities.



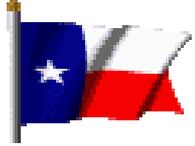
Military Operational Characteristics



- Remains under command and control of military authority, never civil authority
- Supports, does not replace, civil authorities
- Executed on a mission request basis
- Remain until relieved by military commander



State Active Duty



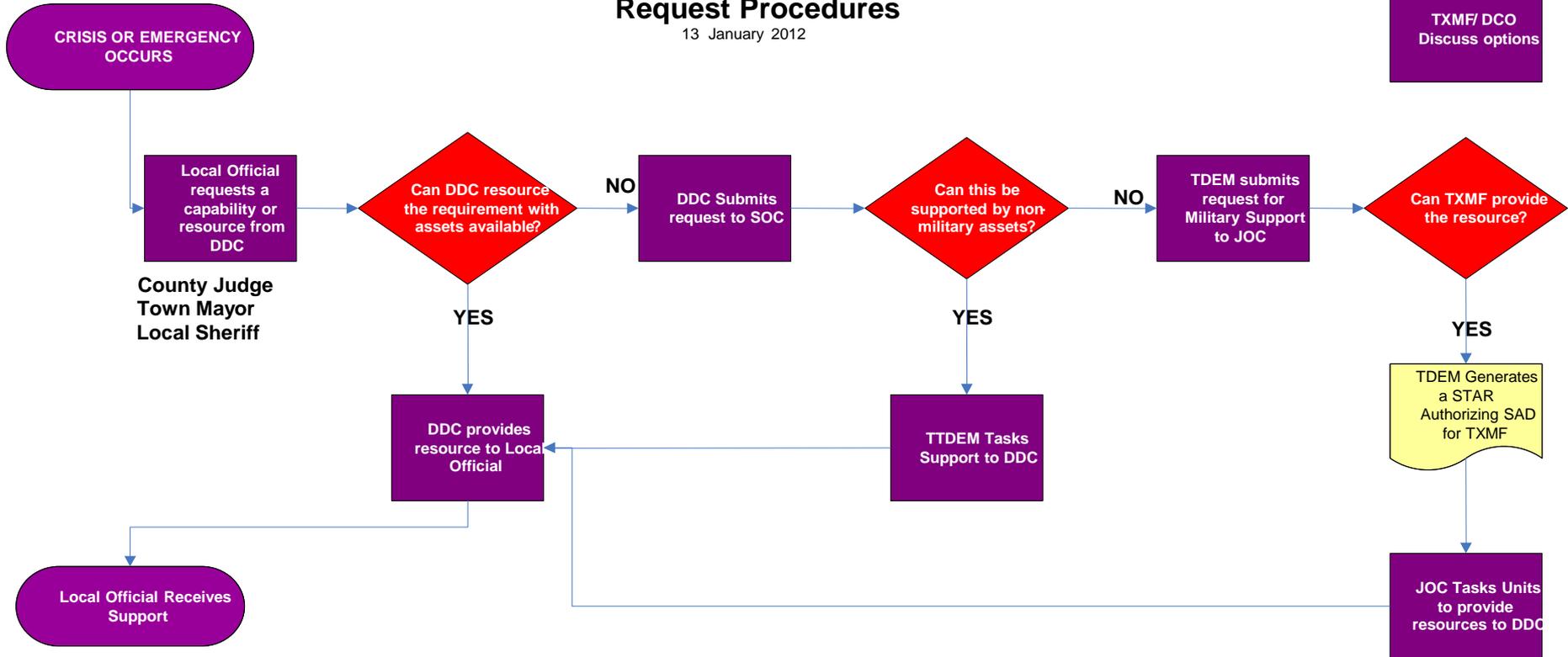
- Authorized by state law
- Governor is the Commander in Chief
- State Funded
- Not Subject to Posse Comitatus

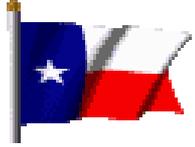


Joint Force Headquarters Texas State Military Support Request Procedures

13 January 2012

TXMF/DCO
Discuss options





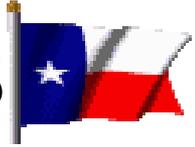
Potential Hazards

Hurricane
Tornado
Flood/Flash Flood
Winter Storm
Power Outage
Water Shortage
Wildfire
Mass Fatality
HazMat or Chemical
Terrorist Act
Civil Disturbance

Earthquake
Oil Spill
Economic Loss
Communications
Urban Fire
Building Collapse
Subsidence
Utility Outages
Drought
Disease
Rail Accident



State Response Agencies



State Departments / Agencies

Aging
Agriculture
Assessments & Taxation
Attorney General
Budget & Management
Business & Economic Development
Comptroller
Education
Energy Administration
Environment
Fire Marshal
General Services
Health & Mental Hygiene
Housing & Community Development
Human Resources
Emergency Medical Services
Insurance Administration
Juvenile Justice
Labor, Licensing & Regulation
Military Department
Natural Resources
Planning
Public Safety & Correctional Services
Public Service Commission
State Police
Transportation

Governor

**State
Emergency
Operations Ctr.
(EOC)**

**Local
Emergency
Operations
Ctr.**

Federal And Private Organizations

Red Cross
Salvation Army
Civil Air Patrol
FEMA
Utilities
National Weather Service
U.S. Coast Guard
U.S. Department of Agriculture
Customs and Border Patrol
FBI
DHS



Texas Army National Guard



DSCA Support

- Evacuation Support
- Search and Rescue
- Re-entry Support



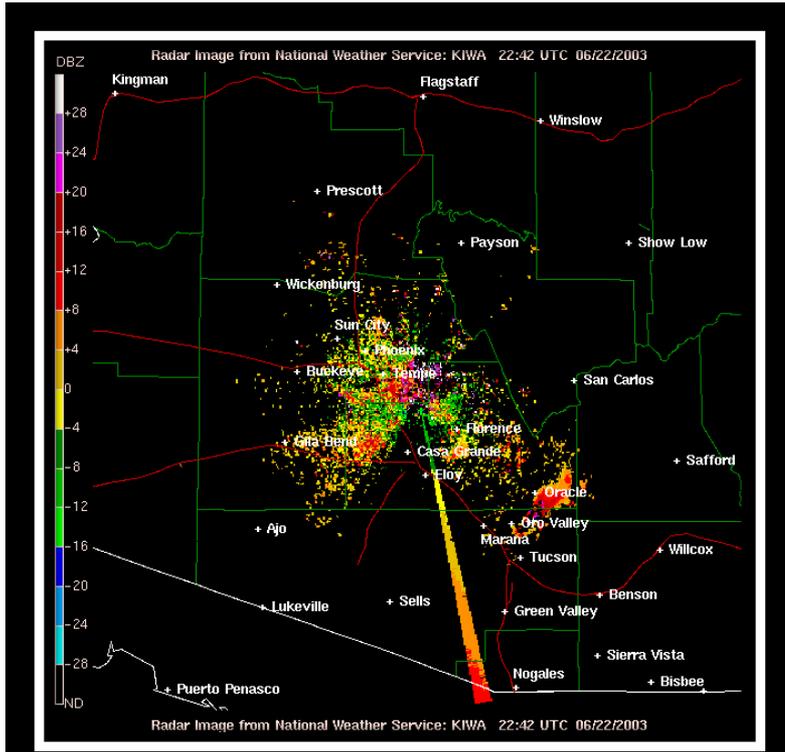


Texas Air National Guard



DSCA Support

- Aeromedical Evacuation
- Air Coordination Group
- Re-entry Support
- Airfield Re-opening

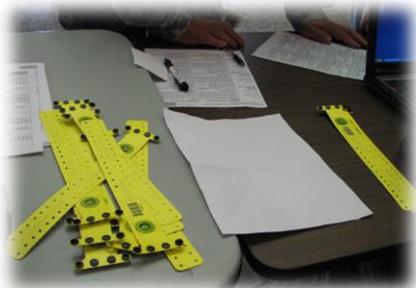


Texas State Guard



DSCA Support

- Shelter Management Teams
- TxSNETS (Tracking System)
- Communications Support
 - Evacuation HUBS
 - Mass Care
- Search and Rescue





Response Criteria



- **Military Commanders or Responsible Officials of DoD Agencies May Take Necessary Action to:**

✓ **Save Lives**

✓ **Prevent Human Suffering**

✓ **Mitigate Great Property Damage**

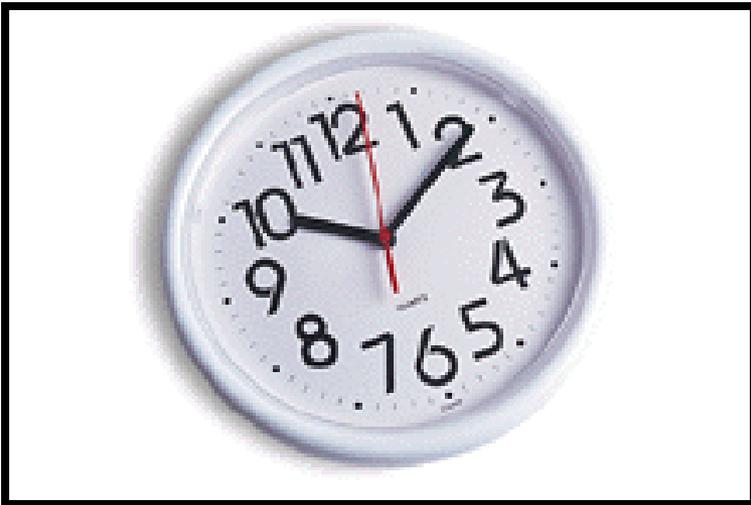


72 Hour Rule

(1 of 2)



“Rule of Thumb”

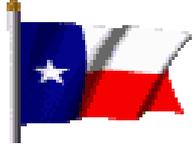


- Under Immediate Response, Commanders Are Authorized to Respond Without a Disaster Declaration
- **Not Official Policy** for Immediate Responses
- Situation Dependent
- After the First 72 Hours, Guidance/Approval From Higher Headquarters is Highly Encouraged



72 Hour Rule

(2 of 2)



No Disaster Declaration:

- Give Missions Back to Civil/Commercial Agencies ASAP

72 Hours Plus

Disaster Declaration Declared:

- Incorporate Immediate Response Missions and Assets Into “Federal” Response After a Presidential Disaster Declaration (If Tasked)
- Control of Military Missions Shift from Commander to Defense Coordinating Officer (DCO) After Presidential Declaration



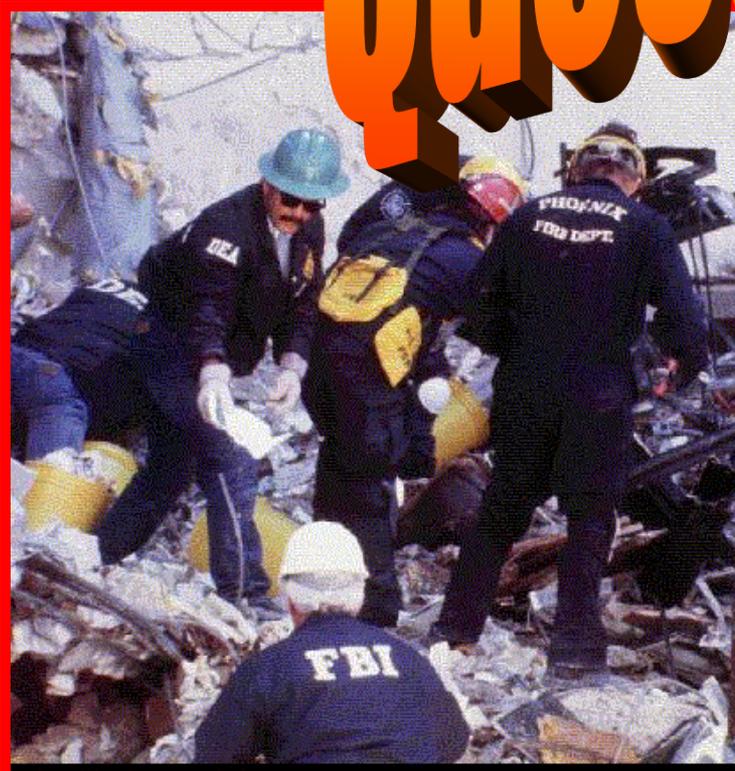
TXMF State Hurricane Missions



- TX Air-Ground Coordination Team
- Shelters Mass Care
- PODs Sites
- RSA Main
- RSA Shelters Hub
- School Bus Drivers (500)
- Litter Bus Assembly
- Bus Pre-staging Site (Camp Bullis)
- Bus Staging Areas
- Ground Hubs
- Air Hubs
- Fuel Points



Questions???





**Texas Military Department
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Texas Strong - Texas Proud